## Primary (K - 3)

Performance Selections:	Composer:		Focus:
Sister Sadie			Define jazz Explain improvisation A. In music B. In speech C. In others areas
Blues		<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> </ol>	Create an original melody based on the school mascot or from a suggestion from the students Communicating within the group without speaking Melody - saxophone Bass line as conductor, providing the pulse, rhythm, and harmonic shape - bass Rhythm - drum set Harmony - piano
Summertime		<ol> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> </ol>	Form - the shape and structure of a piece Explain how having a constant form allows for the freedom to improvise Various styles - swing, latin , rock, ballad demonstrate how a piece can sound different without changing the form, harmony, or melody Swing - encourage students to clap on selected beats allowing them to imitate the function of the drummer (drummer will stop while the group continues to play with the students replacing the drums) Latin - select a group of students to perform with the group by playing latin percussion instruments
Whistle While You Work			Demonstrate how one can improvise over music of all styles  Demonstrate how almost any piece of music can be shaped into a jazz piece
The Pink Panther	Henry Mancini	1.	Review elements while performing a familiar piece

## **Elementary** (4 - 6)

Performance Selections:	Composer:		Focus:
Sister Sadie	Horace Silver		Define jazz Explain improvisation A. In music B. In speech C. In others areas
Blues	Performing group	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> </ol>	Create an original melody based on the school mascot or from a suggestion from the students Communicating within the group without speaking Melody - saxophone Bass line as conductor, providing the pulse, rhythm, and harmonic shape - bass Rhythm - drum set Harmony - piano
Summertime	George Gershwin	<ol> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> </ol>	Form - the shape and structure of a piece Explain how having a constant form allows for the freedom to improvise Various styles - swing, latin, rock, ballad demonstrate how a piece can sound different without changing the form, harmony, or melody Swing - encourage students to clap on selected beats allowing them to imitate the function of the drummer (drummer will stop while the group continues to play with the students replacing the drums) Latin - select a group of students to perform with the
Create an original piece		1.	group by playing latin percussion instruments  Students will be asked to help create a piece based on improvisation by holding flash cards which will tell the performers what or how to play. The cards will focus on (each will be defined):  A. Time/meter - 4/4 and 3/4  B. Styles - swing/latin/rock/free  C. Harmony - keys (original to new)  D. Rhythm - stop time/double time/trade with drums

Review elements while performing a familiar piece
 Demonstrate how almost any piece of music can be

shaped into a jazz piece

**The Pink Panther** 

Henry Mancini

## **Middle** (7 - 8)

Performance Selections: Composer: Focus:

Horace Silver Sister Sadie 1. Define jazz

2. Explain improvisation

A. In music

B. In speech

C. In others areas

Now's The Time Charlie Parker

(Bebop - define style/term)

1. Communicating within the group without speaking

2. Melody - saxophone

3. Bass line as conductor, providing the pulse, rhythm, and harmonic shape - bass

4. Rhythm - drum set

5. Harmony - piano

On Green Dolphin Street Bronislau Kaper

(Introduce to jazz master - Miles Davis)

1. Form - the shape and structure of a piece

2. Explain how having a constant form allows for the freedom to improvise

3. Various styles - swing & latin

demonstrate how a piece can incorporate different styles without changing the form, harmony, or melody

Create an original piece

1. Students will be asked to help create a piece based on improvisation by holding flash cards which will tell the performers what or how to play. The cards will focus on (each will be defined):

A. Time/meter - 4/4 and 3/4

B. Styles - swing/latin/rock/free

C. Harmony - keys (original to new)

D. Rhythm - stop time/double time/trade with drums

Take The 'A' Train **Duke Ellington** 

(Swing - define style/term)

1. Review elements demonstrated in previous piece.

2. Explain how a composer selects titles and what might inspire a musical creation

**Cantaloupe Island** Herbie Hancock (Jazz rock - define style/term)

1. Explain the incorporation of contemporary styles

## **Senior** (9 - 12)

Performance Selections: Composer: Focus: Horace Silver Sister Sadie 1. Define jazz 2. Explain improvisation A. In music B. In speech C. In others areas 3. Explain stop time and trading with the drums Now's The Time Charlie Parker 1. Communicating within the group without (Bebop - define style/term) speaking 2. Melody - saxophone 3. Bass line as conductor, providing the pulse, rhythm, and harmonic shape - bass 4. Rhythm - drum set 5. Harmony - piano 6. Explain time and meter - 4/4 & 3/4 7. Explain double time On Green Dolphin Street Bronislau Kaper 1. Form - the shape and structure of a piece (Introduce to jazz master - Miles Davis) 2. Explain how having a constant form allows for the freedom to improvise 3. Various styles - swing & latin demonstrate how a piece can incorporate different styles without changing the form, harmony, or melody 3. Explain harmonic motion and demonstrate key changes St. Thomas **Sonny Rollins** 1. Explain and demonstrate how jazz is influenced (Calypso - define style/term) by the music of other cultures 2. Demonstrate the roll of the drums Take The 'A' Train **Duke Ellington** 1. Review elements demonstrated in previous (Swing - define style/term) selections 2. Explain how a composer selects titles and what might inspire a musical creation

3. Define shout chorus

1. Explain the incorporation of contemporary styles

**Cantaloupe Island** 

(Jazz rock - define style/term)

Herbie Hancock